Shiv Chhatrapati Shikshan Sanstha's

Rajarshi Shahu Mahavidyalaya, Latur

(Autonomous)

Structure and Curriculum of Four Year Multidisciplinary Degree (Honors/Research) Programme with Multiple Entry and Exit option

Undergraduate Programme of Science and Technology

B.Sc. (Honors/Research) in Microbiology (IInd Year)

Board of Studies in

Microbiology

Rajarshi Shahu Mahavidyalaya, Latur (Autonomous)

w.e.f. June, 2024

(In Accordance with NEP-2020)

Review Statement

The NEP Cell reviewed the Curriculum of **B.Sc.** (**Honors/Research**) in **Microbiology** Programme to be effective from the **Academic Year 2023-24.** It was found that, the structure is as per the NEP-2020 guidelines of Govt. of Maharashtra.

Date: 20/03/2024

Place: Latur

NEP CELL
Rajarshi Shahu Mahavidyalaya, Latur
(Autonomous)



CERTIFICATE

I hereby certify that the documents attached are the Bonafide copies of the Curriculum of **B.Sc.** (Honors/Research) in Microbiology Programme to be effective from the Academic Year 2024-25.

Date: 20-03-2024

Place: Latur

(Dr. K.G. Maske)

Chairperson

Board of Studies in Microbiology

Rajarshi Shahu Mahavidyalaya, Latur

(Autonomous)



Rajarshi Shahu Mahavidyalaya, Latur (Autonomous)

From the Desk of the Chairperson...

The National Education Policy lays particular emphasis on the development of the creative potential of each individual. NEP-2020 has conceptualized the idea to develop well rounded competent individuals for making the nation a self-reliant and global leader.

Department of Microbiology has developed a curriculum framework to encompass the goals of NEP 2020. Microbiology is study of microorganisms such as bacteria, protozoa, algae, fungi, viruses, etc. These studies integrate cytology, physiology, ecology, genetics and molecular biology, evolution, taxonomy and systematics with a focus on microorganisms. It is one of the significant branches of sciences to understand the principles of life which has roots in the study of various microbial systems. Microbiology has been at the forefront of research in industry, environment, agriculture, food, dairy, medicine and biology. It is one of the rapidly growing and applied areas of the science. Many job opportunities available for student in this stream. Trained manpower is required in industrial production of microbial products. Considering rural and agro based life background and awareness about the general health and hygiene, our curriculum is designed to educate our students in various important microbiological domains, as well as to promote and develop skills and competencies that have great value.

(Dr. K. G. Maske)

Chairperson

Board of Studies in Microbiology



Rajarshi Shahu Mahavidyalaya, Latur (Autonomous)

Contents

| Sr. No. | Content | Page No. |
|---------|---|----------|
| 1 | UG Program Outcomes | |
| 2 | Programme Specific Outcomes | |
| 3 | List of Board of Studies Members | |
| 4 | Courses and Credits | |
| 5 | Major & Major Elective (DSC&DSE) | |
| 6 | IKS-Major Specific IKS | |
| 7 | Minor Courses | |
| 8 | Generic/ Open Elective Courses(GE/OE) | |
| 9 | Vocational Skill Courses (VSC) | |
| 10 | Skill Enhancement Courses (SEC) | |
| 11 | Ability Enhancement Courses (AEC) | |
| 12 | Value Education Courses (VEC) | |
| 13 | Apprenticeship/Internship/Projects/Community Engagement & | |
| | Services(AIPC)/On Job Training (OJT)/Co-curricular Courses (CC) | |
| 14 | Research Projects (RP) | |
| 15 | Extra Credit Activities Shahu Mahavidyalaya, | |
| 16 | Examination Framework | |



(Autonomous)

Faculty of Science & Technology After the completion of the B.Sc. programme, a student will have obtained:

| Programme Outcomes (POs) for B.Sc. Programme | | | | | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| After the con | After the completion of the B.Sc. programme, a student will have obtained: | | | | | |
| PO 1 | Disciplinary Knowledge | | | | | |
| | Comprehensive knowledge of science subjects which constitute the graduate programme and execution of scientific knowledge in the specific area. | | | | | |
| PO 2 | Scientific Outlook | | | | | |
| | The qualities of a science graduate such as observation, precision, analytical mind, logical thinking, clarity of thought and expression and systematic approach. | | | | | |
| PO 3 | Self-Directed Life-long Learning | | | | | |
| | Ability to appear for various competitive examinations or choose the post graduate programme or other related programme of their choice. | | | | | |
| PO 4 | Research Skills | | | | | |
| | Functional knowledge and applications of instrumentation and laboratory techniques to do independent experiments, interpret the results and develop research ethos. | | | | | |
| PO 5 | Problem Solving Skills | | | | | |
| | Analytical and logical skills and critical thinking to extract information from qualitative and quantitative data, formulate and solve problems in a systematic and rational manner. | | | | | |
| PO 6 | Professional Competence and Ethics | | | | | |
| | Aptitude and skills to perform the jobs in diverse fields such as science, engineering, industries, survey, education, banking, development and planning, business, public service, self-business etc. with human rationale and moral values. | | | | | |



Rajarshi Shahu Mahavidyalaya, Latur (Autonomous)

| Programm | e Specific Outcomes (PSOs) for B.Sc. Microbiology (Honors/Research) | | | | |
|----------|---|--|--|--|--|
| PSO No. | Upon completion of this programme the students will be able to | | | | |
| PSO 1 | Academic Competence | | | | |
| | Comprehensive knowledge in the underlying principles of Microbiology, basics in Microbiology and Biomolecules, Methods, Microbial nutrition and growth, fundamentals of immunology, Environmental Microbiology, Production of Biofertilizer, Agricultural Microbiology. | | | | |
| PSO 2 | Scientific Outlook | | | | |
| | Scientific temperament with the help of experiments and practicals in Microbiology such as observation of microorganism through microscope, use of microbial techniques, experiments to test physiochemical factors, perform hematological procedures | | | | |
| PSO 3 | Personal and Professional Competence | | | | |
| | Competence to do awareness about hematological, microorganisms and causation of diseases, environmental, agricultural issues and can work to solve the environmental issues with the help of knowledge in Microbiology. | | | | |
| PSO 4 | Entrepreneurial Competence | | | | |
| | Capacity to move in the start-up of bio fertilizer, pathology lab, Food Fermentation, Production of Probiotics for good health, medical services or work for the conservation of environment or can work in such organizations. | | | | |
| PSO 5 | Research Competence | | | | |
| | An ability to work over minor and preliminary research in human health, environmental issues, production of various secondary metabolites of human benefit by fermentation processes and other related issues. | | | | |

Rajarshi Shahu Mahavidyalaya, Latur (Autonomous)



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Members of Board of Studies in the Subject Microbiology Under the Faculty of Science and Technology

| Sr. | Name | Designation | In position |
|------|--|----------------|--|
| No. | | Zeoigiliteioii | III Poolition |
| 1 | Dr.K.G.Maske | Chairperson | HoD |
| | Head, Department of Microbiology, | | |
| | Rajarshi Shahu Mahavidyalaya, Latur | | |
| | (Autonomous) | | |
| 2 | Dr. B. S.Nagoba | Member | V.C. Nominee |
| | Assistant Dean (R D), Professor of | | |
| | Microbiology, MIMSR Medical College, Latur- | | |
| | 413 512 (MS), India | | |
| 3 | Dr. Ulhas K. Patil | Member | Academic Council Nominee |
| | Government Institute of Science Aurang <mark>abad</mark> | | |
| 4 | Dr A. M. Deshmukh | Member | Academic Council Nominee |
| | Former Professor and President, | | |
| | Microbiologist Society of India | | |
| 5 | Dr. Manmohan Bajaj Product Manager, BIOGENE INDIA, | Member | Expert from outside for Special |
| | New Delhi | | Course |
| 6 | Dr.Vinodkumar Patil | Member | Expert from Industry |
| 3,50 | Director, Dyna Biotech 98/A5,Hadapsar | | • 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 |
| | Industrial Estate Bhd. Kirloskar Pneumatic | | |
| - | Co., Hadapsar, Pune | N | D.C. Al. |
| 7 | Dr Mahesh S. Dharane Sr.Scientist, Division of Biochemical | Member | P.G. Alumni |
| | Sciences, Dr. Homi Babha Road, Pashan, NCL, | 19ाव हु | त्रपती |
| | Pune | | |
| | | TOTSTUT | JUL 2017 |
| 8 | Dr.D.V.Vedpathak | Member | Faculty Member |
| 9 | Dr.K.I.Momin | Member | Member from same Faculty |
| | | 0 | |





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Faculty of Science and Technology

Structure for Four Year Multidisciplinary Undergraduate Degree Programme(B.Sc. II) in Microbiology Multiple Entry and Exit (In accordance with NEP-2020)

| Year | | Majo | or | | GE/ | VSC/ | AEC/ | OJT,FP,CEP, | Credit | Cum./Cr. |
|------|------|----------|-----|----------|----------------------|---------|--------|----------------|--------|--------------|
| & | Sem | DSC | DSE | Minor | OE | SEC | VEC | RP | per | per exit |
| Leve | | 200 | 202 | | 02 | (VSEC) | , 20 | | Sem. | perent |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| | III | DSC V: | NA | Minor I: | GE-III: | SEC- | AEC- | CC-I: 02 Cr. | 22 | |
| | | 04 Cr. | | 04 Cr. | 02 Cr. | III: 02 | III | (SSC) | | |
| | | DSC VI: | | | | Cr. | Eng.: | | | |
| | | 04 Cr. | | | | | 02 Cr. | Field Project: | | 00.0- |
| | | | | | | | | 02 Cr. | | 88 Cr. UG |
| II | IV | DSC VII: | NA | Minor | GE-IV: | SEC- | AEC- | CC-II: 02 Cr. | 22 | Diploma |
| 5.0 | | 04 Cr. | | II: 04 | 0 <mark>2 Cr.</mark> | IV: 02 | IV | (SSC) | | Dipionia |
| | | DSC | | Cr. | | Cr. | Eng.: | | | |
| | | VIII: 04 | | | | | 02 Cr. | Field Project: | | |
| | | Cr. | | | | | | 02 Cr. | | |
| | Cum. | 16 | - | 08 | 04 | 04 | 04 | 08 | 44 | * |
| | Cr. | | | | | | | | | |

Exit Option: Award of UG Diploma in Major with 88 Credits and Additional 04 Credits Core NSQF

Course/Internship or continue with Major and Minor

Note:

- A) Co-Curricular Courses (CC) includes –
- 1. Health and Wellness
- 2. Yoga education
- Sports and fitness
- Cultural activities
- 5. NSS
- 6. NCC
- 7. Fine Applied Visual Performing Arts
- 8. Study Tour
- 9. Publication of articles in newspaper / magazine.
- B) Field Project concerned with Major

Abbreviations:

1. DSC : Discipline Specific Core (Major)

2. DSE : Discipline Specific Elective (Major)

3. DSM : Discipline Specific Minor

4. GE/OE: Generic/Open Elective

VSEC : Vocational Skill and Skill Enhancement Course

6. VSC : Vocational Skill Courses

7. SEC : Skill Enhancement Course

8. AEC : Ability Enhancement Course

9. MIL: Modern Indian Languages

10. IKS : Indian Knowledge System

11. FSRCE: Fostering Social Responsibility & Community Engagement

12. VEC : Value Education Courses

13. OJT : On Job Training

14. FP : Field Projects

15. CEP : Community Engagement and Service

16. SSC (CC) : Students Services Centre (Co-Curricular Courses)

17. RP : Research Project/Dissertation

18. SES : Shahu Extension Services



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Department of Microbiology

B.Sc. (Honors/Research) Microbiology

| Year & Level | Semester | Course Code | Course Titl | | Credits | No. of Hrs. |
|-----------------|----------|---|--|---------|---------|----------------|
| | | 201MIB3101 (DSC-V) | Applied Microbiology | | | 45 |
| | | 201MIB310 <mark>3</mark> | Lab Course-V | | 01 | 30 |
| | | 201MIB 31 <mark>02</mark> (DSC-VI) | Fundamentals o Immunology | f | 03 | 45 |
| | | 201MIB310 <mark>4</mark> | Lab Course-VI | | 01 | 30 |
| | III | DSM - I | Elementary microbiology | | 03 | 45 |
| | | | DSM-I-Lab Cour | se | 01 | 30 |
| | | GE-III | From Basket | | 04 | 60 |
| | | 101M <mark>IB15</mark> 01 (SEC- III) | Production Biofertilizer | of | 02 | 30 |
| | | (AEC-III) | English | English | | 30 |
| II | | AIPC/OJT-I | Field Project | | 02 | 60 |
| 5.0 | | 22 | a. | | | |
| | | 101MIB2101 (DSC-VII) | Environmental Microbiology | | 03 | 45 |
| | | 101MIB2103 | Lab Course-VII | त्रप | 01 | 30 |
| | | 101MIB2102 (DSC-VIII) | Medical Microbiology | संव | 03 | 45 |
| | | 101MIB2104 | Lab Course-VIII | | 01 | 30 |
| | IV | DSM II | Basic Technique microbiology | s in | 03 | 45 |
| | | अगराह तन | DSM-II-Lab Cour | rse | 1 | 30 |
| | Dela | GE-IV | From Basket | | 04 | 60 |
| | Raja | (SEC-IV) | Single cell prot production technology | ein | 02 | 30 |
| | | (AEC-IV) | From Basket | | 02 | 30 |
| | | (FP/RP) | Field project | | 02 | 30 |
| Total Credits | | | | | 22 | 60 |
| | Tota | l Credits (Semester I & | & II) | | 4 | 14 |



(Autonomous) Department of Microbiology

Course Type: DSC-V

Course Title: Applied Microbiology

Course Code: 201MIB 3101

Credits: 03 Max. Marks: 75 Lectures: 45 Hrs.

Learning Objectives:

LO 1. To study presence of microorganisms in air and Microbiological Analysis of Air.

- LO 2. To learn the subject in perspective of public health and hygiene.
- LO 3. To know techniques to control microbial contamination in air, water and food.
- LO 4. To study different types of treatment for domestic, municipal and industrial waste.

Course Outcomes:

After completion of the course, students will be able to-

- CO 1. Describe the importance of existence of microorganisms in air and method of analysis.
- CO 2. Explain bacteriological evidence of fecal pollution of water.
- CO 3. Apply sewage treatment in domestic, municipal and industrial waste.
- CO 4. To explain microbial spoilage food and milk and food Preservation techniques

| Unit No. | Title of Unit & Contents | Hrs. |
|-------------|---|------|
| I | Air Microbiology | 10 |
| | 1. Definition, composition and quality of air. | |
| | 2. Sources of microorganisms in air: Indoor and outdoor | |
| | microflora. | |
| | 3. Importance of state of suspension- Bioaerosols: droplet, droplet | |
| | nuclei and droplet infection. | |
| | 4. Significance of microorganisms present in air: With respect to | |
| | human health (list of air borne diseases). | |
| | 5. Microbiological Analysis of Air: Solid and liquid impingement, | |
| | Anderson air sampler. | |
| | 6. Control of microorganisms in air: Dust control, UV radiation, | |
| | laminar airflow system, masks, Bactericidal vapours. | |
| | Unit Outcomes: | |
| | UO 1. Student will be able describe water borne diseases and | |

| Unit No. | Title of Unit & Contents | Hrs. |
|-------------|--|------|
| | safety of drinking water. | |
| | UO 2. Student will explain spread of microorganisms in air and air borne diseases. | |
| | | |
| II | UNIT II: Water Microbiology | 12 |
| | Natural waters: Atmospheric, surface, stored and ground water. Definitions: Fresh water (ponds, lakes, streams) and Marine water (estuaries, the sea). Aquatic environment: Temperature, hydrostatic pressure, light, salinity, turbidity, Planktons and other microorganisms. Domestic water: water borne diseases, nuisance microorganisms. Bacteriological evidence of pollution: Fecal pollution, significance of indicator microorganisms. Microbiological examination of water: Membrane filter technique, Tests for presenceof coliforms (quantitative and qualitative), IMVC test, Elevated temperature test. Safety of drinking water: Boiling, chlorination, radiation and ozonization Unit Outcome: Student will be able to explain water borne diseases and | |
| III | safety of drinking water. Waste water microbiology | 13 |
| | Sewage: Definition, composition and strength: BOD, COD. Sewage treatment: (physical, biological and chemical Oxidation ponds, solids processing, Composting.) Domestic sewage treatment Municipal sewage treatment Industrial waste treatment Unit Outcomes: | |
| | UO 1. Student will be able to describe sewage treatment methods. | |
| IV | Food and milk microbiology | 10 |
| | Sources of microorganisms in foods and milk. Milk as a nutrient medium for microbial growth. Common food borne bacteria-Starter culture-Lactic acid bacteria. Microbiological examination of food: DMC, SPC, Differential enumeration, MBRT, Resazurin test. Food Spoilage: Classification of foods depending upon ease of spoilage, Different types of spoilages with suitable examples, biochemical types of microorganisms in milk. | |
| | 6. Principles and applications of food Preservation techniques: | |

| Unit | Title of Unit & Contents | Hrs. |
|------|---|------|
| No. | | |
| | Asepsis, use of high temperatures (milk pasteurization and | |
| | phosphatase test, canning), freezing, dehydration, radiation | |
| | (UV and Gamma rays), osmotic pressure; use of chemicals- | |
| | Vinegar, Benzoic acid. | |
| | 7. Food borne diseases: Staphylococcal poisoning and | |
| | Salmonellosis. | |
| 1 | Unit Outcomes: | |
| | UO 1. Student will apply this To explain microbial spoilage | |
| | food and milk and food Preservation techniques. | |

- 1. A textbook of Microbiology, Dubey R. C. and D. K. Maheshwary. (2012), S Chand and Company. New Delhi, India.
- 2. Brock Biology of Microorganisms, Bender K. S., Buckley D. H., Stahl D. A., Sattley W. M. And Madigan M. T. (2017). E-Book, Global Edition. United Kingdom: Pearson Education.
- 3. Elementary Microbiology, Vol. I and II. Dr. A. H Modi, Akta Prakashan. Nadiad
- 4. Essentials of Microbiology, Jain A. and Jain P. (2019). Elsevier- India.
- 5. Fundamental Principles of Bacteriology, Salle A. J. (McGraw-Hill Book Co. New York and London 1973) 7th Edition
- 6. Fundamentals of Microbiology, Frobisher M., (W. B. Saunders, Philadelphia, 1962) 7th edition.
- 7. General Microbiology . Stanier R. Y., Ingraham J. L., Wheelis M. L. and Painter P. R., (Macmillan Education Ltd., London, 2001) 5th edition.
- 8. General microbiology ,Volume I. Powar C. B. and Daginawala H. I. (2005).. Himalaya Publishing House Private Limited, Pune, India.
- 9. General microbiology, Volume II. Powar C. B. and Daginawala H. I. (2005). Himalaya Publishing House, Private Limited, Pune, India
- 10. Microbiology: An Application based Approach, Pelczar M. J. Jr., Chan E.C.S. and Krieg N. R. (2010). McGraw-Hill Education (India) Private Limited, New Delhi, India.
- 11. Food Microbiology. 2nd Edition By Adams Basic Food Microbiology by Banwart George J. Food Microbiology: Fundamentals and Frontiers by Dolle
- 12. Biotechnology: Food Fermentation Microbiology, Biochemistry and Technology. Volume 2 by Joshi.
- 13. Fundamentals of Dairy Microbiology by Prajapati.
- 14. Microbiology of Fermented Foods. Volume II and I. Brian J.Wood. Elsiever Applied Science Publication.



Rajarshi Shahu Mahavidyalaya, Latur (Autonomous) Department of Microbiology

Course Type: Lab Course

Course Title: Lab Course -V (Based on DSC-V)

Course Code: 201MIB3103

Credits: 01 Max. Marks: 50 Hours: 30

Leaning Objectives

L 0 1. To study methods used for bacteriological analysis of water.

L O 2. To study methods used for bacteriological analysis of air.

L O 3. To study methods used for bacteriological analysis of soil, food and milk.

Course outcomes

After completion of the course, students will be able to-

CO 1. Perform microbiological analysis Air

CO 2. Perform microbiological analysis of Water.

CO 3. Perform microbiological analysis of Milk

CO 4. Perform quantitative microbiological analysis of food.

| Practical No. | Unit | | | |
|---------------|---|--|--|--|
| 1 | Microbial analysis of air from -hospital environment. | | | |
| 2 | Microbial sampling of air for fungi by solid impingement techniques | | | |
| 3 | Bacteriological exam <mark>inatio</mark> n of water for potability - Quantitative analysis: MPN | | | |
| 4 | Bacteriological examination of water for potability –Qualitative: Presumptive, confirmed, completed test | | | |
| 5 | Test for fecal coliforms: IMViC tests | | | |
| 6 | Test for fecal coliforms: Elevated temperature tests | | | |
| 7 | Bacteriological analysis of milk: Reductase test | | | |
| 8 | Microbial analysis of air from – public places | | | |
| 9 | Microbial sampling of air from industrial Area. | | | |
| 10 | Microbial analysis of fermented food. | | | |
| 11 | Microbial analysis of spoiled food. | | | |
| 12 | Visit to municipal sewage treatment plant and prepare report. | | | |

N.B.: Any Ten Practical from above.

- Handbook of media, stains and reagents in microbiology, A. M. Deshmukh, PAMA publication, Karad, 1997
- 2) Microbiology, Singh R.P., Kalyani Publication.
- 3) Practical Microbiology, Dubey, Maheshwari, S. Chand, 2022
- 4) Microbiology, Yadav Manju, Discovery Publishing House, New Delhi
- 5) Biochemical Methods, s. Sadasivam and A. Manickam, New age international publishers, 2008
- 6) Handbook of Microbiology, P. S. Bisen and Kavita Verma, CBS publishers and distributors, new Delhi,2007
- 7) Modern Tools and Techniques to Understand Microbes, Ajit Varma, Arun Kumar Sharma, Springer International Publishing, 2017.
- 8) Handbook of media, stains and reagents in microbiology, A. M. Deshmukh, PAMA publication, Karad, 1997
- 9) Microbiology, Singh R.P., Kalyani Publication.
- 10) Practical Microbiology, Dubey, Maheshwari, S. Chand, 2022
- 11) Microbiology, Yadav M<mark>anju</mark>, Discovery Publishing House, New Delhi
- 12) Biochemical Methods, s. Sadasivam and A. Manickam, New age international publishers, 2008
- 13) Handbook of Microbiology, P. S. Bisen and Kavita Verma, CBS publishers and distributors, new Delhi,2007
- 14) Modern Tools and Techniques to Understand Microbes, Ajit Varma, Arun Kumar Sharma, Springer International Publishing, 2017





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Department of Microbiology

Course Type: DSC-VI

Course Title: Fundamentals of Immunology

Course Code: 201 MIB3102

Credits: 03 Max. Marks: 75 Lectures: 45 Hrs.

Learning Objectives

LO 1. To understand basic principles of immunology and microbial interactions with relationship.

LO 2. To understand antigen, antibody and complement system.

LO 3. To learn overview of Immunity and immune responses.

LO 4. To understand antigen antibody reaction and their applications.

Course outcomes

After completion of the course, students will be able to-

CO 1. Explain the host microbe interactions.

CO 2. Describe the antigen and antibodies.

CO 3. Describe the immunological concepts with reference to immunity.

CO4. Apply serological reactions for diagnosis of the diseases.

| Unit No. | Title of Unit & Contents | Hrs | | | | |
|----------|---|-----|--|--|--|--|
| I | Humans Microbial interactions | 10 | | | | |
| | 1. Definitions -contamination, infection and | | | | | |
| | disease, pathogen, pathogenicity and virulence. | | | | | |
| | 2. Overview of human microbial interactions commensalism, mutualism, parasitism with examples | | | | | |
| | 3. Aggressive factors of the pathogens | | | | | |
| | 4. Normal (indigenous) micro flora. | | | | | |
| | 5. Role of normal microflora of the host. | | | | | |
| | Unit Outcome: UO 1.Student will explain role of normal flora of the host. UO 2. Student will describe aggressive factors of pathogens | | | | | |
| п | Antigen and Antibody | 12 | | | | |
| | Antigen :Definition, Immunogenicity versus antigenicity General properties of antigen. | | | | | |
| | 3. Antigen specificity. | | | | | |
| | 4. Bacterial antigens with special reference to antigens of <i>Salmonella typhi</i> . | | | | | |

| | 5 Antibody-Definition and basic structure of antibody. Immunoglobulin classes, properties of immunoglobulin classes | |
|-----|--|----|
| | Unit Outcome: | 8 |
| | UO 1. Student will be able to describe antigens. | |
| | UO 2. Student will be able to describe antibodies. | |
| III | Immunity and Immunization | 13 |
| | Definition and classification of immunity with suitable examples. | |
| | 2. Immune response: Humoral and cellular | |
| | 3. Theories of antibody production | |
| | 4. Hypersensitivity: types of hypersensitivity in brief | |
| | 5. Immunization-Active and passive immunization. | |
| | 6. Designing vaccines for active immunization | |
| | i. Live attenuated vaccines. | |
| | ii. Inactivated or killed vaccine. | |
| | | |
| | iii. Subunit vaccine. | |
| | iv. Toxoid. | |
| | v. Recombinant DNA vaccine | |
| | 7. Immunesera. | 2 |
| | Unit Outcomes: | |
| | UO 1. Student will be able to explain Immune responses | |
| | UO 2. Student will be able to explain Immunization process. | |
| IV | Antigen antibody reactions | 10 |
| īs. | General features of antigen antibody reactions. | |
| | 2. Mechanism Precipitation and agglutination. | |
| | 3. Applications of precipitation reactions | |
| | 4. Applications of agglutination reactions5. Immunodiffusion | |
| | | |
| | 6. Immunoelectrophoresis7. Complement fixation test. | |
| | 7. Complement fixation test.8. Neutralization: toxin and virus neutralization | |
| | 9. Enzyme linked immunosorbent assay. | |
| | 5. Elizyille illikeu illilliullosoi belit assay. | |
| | Unit Outcome: Valla Vall | |
| | UO 1. Student will be able to describe antigen antibody | |
| | reactions. | |
| | UO 2. Student will be able to application of antigen antibody | |
| | reactions | |
| | | |

- 1. Basic Immunology by Joshi and Osarano. Agrobotanical publishers Ltd. Bikaner.
- 2. Elementary Microbiology Vol. I and II Dr. A. H Modi. Akta Prakashan. Nadiad.
- 3. Medical Microbiology. N. C. Dey and T. K. Dey. Allied agency, Culcutta.
- 4. Microbiology by Davis, Dulbecco, Eisen Harper and Row Maryland.
- 5. Text book of Microbiology by R. Anantharayanan, C.K. Jayaram Panikar, Orient Longman, Mumbai.
- 6. Kuby's Immunology by Goldsby RA, Kindt TJ, Osborne BAW.H Freeman and Company, New York.
- 7. A handbook of practical immunology by G. P. Talwar, Vikas Publishing House, New Delhi.
- 8. Genes VII by Benjamin Lewin, Oxford University Press.
- 9. Immunology (2nd edition) by C. Vaman Rao, Narosa publication.
- 10. Immunology (2nd edition) by Janis Kuby, W. H. Freeman and company.
- 11. Immunology (8th Edition) by D. M. Weir, Churchill Livingstone.
- 12. Roitt's Essential Immunology (9th edition) by Ivan Roitt, Blackwell



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Department of Microbiology

Course Type: Lab Course

Course Title: Lab Course -VI (Based on DSC-VI)

Course Code: 201MIB2104

Credits: 01 Max. Marks: 50 Hours: 30

Learning Objectives

LO 1. To study host microbe interaction and virulence factors of pathogens.

LO 2. To study isolation and identification of pathogens

LO 3. To study serological test used for diagnosis of diseases

LO 3. To study staining for WBC and total count.

Course outcomes

After completion of course the student will be able to-

CO 1. Perform haematological procedures for detection of blood groups.

CO 2. Perform diagnosis of diseases.

CO 3. Perform differentiate blood staining

CO 4. Perform experiment to determine presence of virulence factors of pathogens

| Practical No. | Unit |
|---------------|---|
| 1 | Isolation of normal bacterial flora of human body. |
| 2 | Study of virulence factors of -Coagulase, capsule staining, |
| 3 | Study of haemolysins. |
| 4 | Determination of iso antigens on human RBC: Blood grouping |
| 5 | Serodiagnosis of Typhoid fever : Widal test. |
| 6 | RPR test. |
| 7 | Immuno diffusion test. |
| 8 | Differential blood staining for WBC |
| 9 | Differential count of leucocytes. |
| 10 | Western blot test (Demonstration) |

- 1. Handbook of media, stains and reagents in microbiology, A. M. Deshmukh, PAMA publication, Karad, 1997
- 2. Microbiology, Singh R.P., Kalyani Publication.
- 3. Practical Microbiology, Dubey, Maheshwari, S. Chand, 2022
- 4. Microbiology, Yadav Manju, Discovery Publishing House, New Delhi
- 5. Biochemical Methods, s. Sadasivam and A. Manickam, New age international publishers, 2008

- 6. Handbook of Microbiology, P. S. Bisen and Kavita Verma, CBS publishers and distributors, new Delhi,2007
- 7. Modern Tools and Techniques to Understand Microbes, Ajit Varma, Arun Kumar Sharma, Springer International Publishing, 2017.
- 8. Handbook of media, stains and reagents in microbiology, A. M. Deshmukh, PAMA publication, Karad, 1997





(Autonomous)

Department of Microbiology

Course Type: DSC-VII

Course Title: Environmental microbiology

Course Code: 201MIB4101

Credits: 03 Max. Marks: 75 Lectures: 45 Hrs.

Learning Objectives:

LO 1. To study interrelationship and influence of microorganisms on each other and on environment.

LO 2. To learn eco-friendly and sustainable microbial techniques to solve agro-environmental problems.

LO 3. To study role of microorganisms in turnover of elements in the environment.

LO 4. To study role of microorganisms in plant growth promotion and plant disease management.

Course Outcomes:

After completion of the course, students will be able to-

- 1. Explain microbial interactions and their role in environment.
- 2. Describe the influence of microbial interactions on environment and development of an ecosystem.
- 3. Demonstrate that microorganisms have an indispensable role in turnover of elements in the environment.
- 4. Advocate the role of microorganisms in plant growth promotion and plant disease management

| Unit No. | Title of Unit & Contents | Hrs. |
|----------|--|------|
| I | Microbial Ecology and interactions | 12 |
| | Microbial ecology: Ecosystem, Synecology, Autecology, population, community (Autochthonous, Allochthonous), Dispersal: (Center, Active, Passive) Community succession (Pioneer, Successive, Climax), Adaptation(Phenotypic, Genotypic) Symbiosis: Definition and functions Types of associations: neutralism, Commensalism, Mutualism (Lichens, Mycorrhiza) Competition, Antibiosis, Synergism, and Parasitism. (Definitionand example of each). | |

| Unit No. | Title of Unit & Contents | Hrs. |
|----------|---|------|
| | Unit Outcomes: Students will be able to UO 1. Types of microbial interactions and Community succession. | |
| II | Plant growth promoting rhizobacteria | 12 |
| | Rhizosphere. Direct plant growth promotion: Microbial plant growth promoting substances: Indoleacetic acid, gibberellicacid. Indirect plant growth promotion –Biocontrol. Competition for an ecological niche. Suppression of growth of soil-born phytopathogens by producing allelochemicals Induction of systemic resistance (ISR). Unit Outcome: Students will be able to UO 1. Describe the role of microorganisms in plant growth | |
| | promotion. | |
| III | Soil microbiology : Microbial transformation of C N,S,P in soil | 11 |
| | Soil environment: Structure and texture of soil,Organic fraction of soil (Humus),Soil as growth medium for microorganisms. Carbon cycle: Cycle, Mineralization- cellulose, Starch (Microbiology andenzymology), Carbon assimilation. Nitrogen cycle: Cycle, Nitrogen fixation(Symbiotic, Non symbiotic, Nitrogenase), Mineralization of proteins, Ammonification, Nitrification,Denitrification,. Sulfur cycle Phosphorus cycle. | |
| | Unit Outcomes: Students will be able to UO 1. Describe Microbial transformation of C N,S,P in soil. | |
| IV | Bioremediation | 10 |
| | Soil contamination- Xenobiotics Bioremediation: Definition and principle. Microbial Populations for Bioremediation Processes. Types of Bioremediation: In situ bioremediation, Ex situ bioremediation. Advantages and disadvantages of Bioremediation | |

| Unit No. | Title of Unit & Contents | Hrs. |
|----------|---|------|
| | Unit Outcomes: Students will be able to | |
| | UO 1. Explain methods for decontamination of soil | |

- 1. Introduction to soil Microbiology, Alexander Martin, John Wiley and Sons.N.Y.
- 2. Soil Microorganisms and plant growth. Subba Rao N.S, Oxford and IBHpublishing Co. Pvt. Ltd.
- 3. Microbiology. Pelczar, Chan and Crieg. TATA MCGRAW-HILL
- 4. Text book of applied microbiology. Dr. B.M Sandikar, Himalaya PublishingHouse
- 5. Microbial biotechnology: fundamentals of applied microbiology. AlexanderGlazer, Hiroshi Nikaido. Cambridge university press
- 6. Review on Bioremediation of Polluted Environment: A Management Tool: Kumar.A, Bisht.B.S, Joshi.V.D, Dhewa.T. International journal of environmental sciences. Volume 1, No 6, 2011
- 7. Environmental microbiology. Ralph Mitchell, Ji-Dong Gu. Wiley-Blackwell
- 8. Biochemistry, 4th edn. Dubuque, IO: William C Brown
- 9. Handbook of Biochemistry and Molecular Biology
- 10. Biochemistry, 3rd Edition, by Drs. John W. Pelley, and Edward F. Goljan.
- 11. The Cell: A Molecular Approach by Geoffrey M. Cooper, and Robert E. Hausman





(Autonomous) Department of Microbiology

Course Type: Lab Course

Course Title: Lab Course VII (Based on DSC VII)

Course Code: 201MIB4103

Credits: 01 Max. Marks: 50 Hours: 30

Learning Objectives:

LO 1. To study microbial succession.

LO 2. To study influence of plant on soil microorganisms.

LO 3. To study ammonification and nitrification process.

LO 4. To study nitrogen fixing microorganisms in soil.

Course Outcomes:

After completion of the course, students will be able to -

CO 1 Demonstrate microbial succession with reference to raw milk.

CO 2 Demonstrate production and analysis of plant growth promoting substances.

CO 3 Obtain nitrogen fixing microorganisms in pure culture.

Co 4. Obtain starch degrading bacteria from soil.

| Practical No. | Unit |
|---------------|---|
| 1 | Study of microbial succession in raw milk. |
| 2 | Study of rhizosphere effect- R: S ratio. |
| 3 | Isolation of rhizospheric bacteria showing biocontrol potential. |
| 4 | Isolation of starch degrading bacteria. |
| 5 | Demonstration of Ammonification , Nitrification and Denitrification . |
| 6 | Demonstration of i) Nitrate reduction and ii) Sulfate reduction. |
| 7 | Isolation and study of <i>Rhizobium</i> species from root nodules of leguminous plants. |
| 8 | Isolation and study of Azotobacter sp. from soil. |
| 9 | Chemical analysis of soil.(Demonstration) |
| 10 | Determination of BOD and COD of sewage water. (Demonstration). |

- Handbook of media, stains and reagents in microbiology, A. M. Deshmukh, PAMA publication, Karad, 1997
- 2. Microbiology, Singh R.P., Kalyani Publication.
- 3. Practical Microbiology, Dubey, Maheshwari, S. Chand, 2022
- 4. Microbiology, Yadav Manju, Discovery Publishing House, New Delhi
- 5. Biochemical Methods, s. Sadasivam and A. Manickam, New age international publishers, 2008
- 6. Handbook of Microbiology, P. S. Bisen and Kavita Verma, CBS publishers and distributors, new Delhi,2007
- 7. Modern Tools and Techniques to Understand Microbes, Ajit Varma, Arun Kumar Sharma, Springer International Publishing, 2017





Rajarshi Shahu Mahavidyalaya, Latur (Autonomous)

Department of Microbiology

Course Type: DSC-VIII

Course Title: Medical Microbiology

Course Code: 201MIB 4102

Credits: 03 Max. Marks: 75 Lectures: 45 Hrs.

Learning Objectives:

- LO1 To gain knowledge about disease process and kinds of diseases
- LO 2 To study reservoirs of infection and modes of transmission of infections.
- LO 3 To study diseases caused by bacterial pathogens.
- LO 4 To study diseases caused by viral pathogens and parasites.

Course Outcomes:

After completion of the course, students will be able to-

- CO 1 Describe an integral role of microorganisms in causation of diseases.
- CO 2 Explain sources of infection and modes of transmission of infections
- CO 3 Execute precautions to avoid the spread of viral diseases
- CO 4 Describe antimicrobial, immunological and diagnostic methodologies used in disease treatment and prevention.

| Unit No. | Title of Unit & Contents | Hrs. |
|-------------|---|------|
| I | Disease process and kinds of diseases | 12 |
| | Kinds of diseases . Infections : terms used to describe different types of infections. Disease process, signs, symptoms and syndrome. Epidemiology-epidemic, endemic, pandemic, sporadic Sources of infection. Modes of disease transmission, carriers and theirtypes. Unit Outcomes: Students will be able to U0 1. Describe the different kinds of diseases and infections. | |
| II | Study of following diseases | 12 |
| | I.Introduction and definitions: Etiology, pathogenesis, Symptomatology, laboratory diagnosis, epidemiology, prophylaxis Typhoid Cholera I.Introduction and definitions: Etiology, pathogenesis, Symptomatology, laboratory diagnosis, epidemiology, prophylaxis Typhoid I.Introduction and definitions: Etiology, pathogenesis, Symptomatology, laboratory diagnosis, epidemiology, prophylaxis I.Introduction and definitions: Etiology, pathogenesis, Symptomatology, laboratory diagnosis, epidemiology, prophylaxis I.Introduction and definitions: Etiology, pathogenesis, Symptomatology, laboratory diagnosis, epidemiology, prophylaxis I.Introduction and definitions: Etiology, pathogenesis, Symptomatology, laboratory diagnosis, epidemiology, prophylaxis I.Introduction and definitions: Etiology, pathogenesis, Symptomatology, laboratory diagnosis, epidemiology, prophylaxis I.Introduction and definitions: Etiology, pathogenesis, Symptomatology, laboratory diagnosis, epidemiology, prophylaxis I.Introduction and the pathogenesis and the pat | |
| | Unit Outcome: | |

| Unit No. | Title of Unit & Contents | Hrs. |
|-------------|--|------|
| 1101 | UO 1. Explain about preventive measures of diseases. | |
| III | Study of the Fungal and mosquito borne diseases | 11 |
| | Etiology, pathogenesis, Clinical features, laboratory | |
| | diagnosis, epidemiology, treatment and prophylaxis of the | |
| | following | |
| | 1.Candidiasis | |
| | 2.Malaria | |
| | 3.Dengue | |
| | Unit Outcomes: Students will be able to | 1 |
| | UO 1. Describe about preventive measures of diseases. | |
| IV | Study of following viral diseases | 10 |
| - | 1.Hepatitis | |
| | 2.AIDS | |
| | 3.COVID 19 | |
| | | |
| | UO 1. Explain about causative agent, epidemiology and preventive measures. | |

- 1. Medical Microbiology. N.C.Dey and T.K. Dey. Allied agency, Culcutta.
- 2. Microbiology by Davis, Dulbecco, Eisen Harper and Row Maryland.
- 3. Text book of Microbiology by R. Anantharayanan, C.K. Jayaram Panikar, OrientLongman, Mumbai.
- 4. Medical microbiology by Chakraborthy.
- 5. Medical Microbiology: Prep Manual for Under Graduates by Nagoba, Elsevier
- 6. Manual of Clinical Microbiology, Karen C. Carroll (Editor), Michael A. Pfaller ASM publications.
- 7. Essentials of Medical Microbiology by Apurba Sankar Sastry and Sandhya Bhat K, Jaypee Brothers Medical Publishers
- 8. Basic Medical Microbiology E-Book, Patrick R. Murray ·2017 Els, evier Health Sciences





Rajarshi Shahu Mahavidyalaya, Latur (Autonomous)

Department of Microbiology

Course Type: Lab Course

Course Title: Lab Course VIII (Based on DSC VIII)

Course Code: 201MIB4104

Credits: 01 Max. Marks: 50 Hours: 30

Learning Objectives:

LO 1 To study microscopic diagnosis of tuberculosis and malaria.

LO 2. To study causative agent of typhoid fever.

LO 3. To study causative agent of cholera.

Course Outcomes:

After completion of course the student will be able to-

- CO 1 Perform diagnosis of tuberculosis and malaria.
- CO 2 Perform laboratory diagnosis of typhoid.
- CO3. Perform laboratory diagnosis of cholera.

CO 4. Determine antibiotic resistance of pathogens

| Practical No. | Unit |
|---------------|--|
| 1 | Microscopic diagnosis of tuberculosis by acid fast staining. |
| 2 | Microscopic diagnosis of malaria by blood smear method. |
| 3 | Study of biochemical reactions for identification of pathogen. |
| 4 | Study of morphological and cultural characteristics of Salmonella typhi species. |
| 5 | Study of biochemical characteristics of Salmonella species |
| 6 | Study of morphological and cultural characteristics of Vibrio cholera. |
| 7 | Isolation of Candida albicans from lesions. |
| 8 | Antibiotic sensitivity tests for pathogens by disc diffusion method |

- 1. Handbook of media, stains and reagents in microbiology, A. M. Deshmukh, PAMA publication, Karad, 1997
- 2. Microbiology, Singh R.P., Kalyani Publication.
- 3. Practical Microbiology, Dubey, Maheshwari, S. Chand, 2022
- 4. Microbiology, Yadav Manju, Discovery Publishing House, New Delhi
- 5. Biochemical Methods, s. Sadasivam and A. Manickam, New age international publishers, 2008

- 6. Handbook of Microbiology, P. S. Bisen and Kavita Verma, CBS publishers and distributors, new Delhi,2007
- 7. Modern Tools and Techniques to Understand Microbes, Ajit Varma, Arun Kumar Sharma, Springer International Publishing, 2017





Rajarshi Shahu Mahavidyalaya, Latur (Autonomous) Department of Microbiology

Course Type: SEC-III

Course Title: Production of Bio fertilizers

Course Code: 201MIB3601

Credits: 02 Max. Marks: 50 Lectures: 30 Hrs.

Learning Objectives:

LO 1. To create awareness about organic farming.

LO 2. To inculcate skills for mass production of bio fertilizers

LO 3. To promote self-employment.

LO 4. To promote ecofriendly and sustainable agro practices

Course Outcomes:

After completion of the course, students will be able to-

CO 1. Types of Bio-fertilizers and their importance

CO 2. Explain Rhizosphere & plant growth promoting substances

CO 3. Explain role of Nitrogen Fixing Bacteria

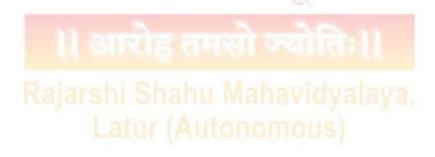
CO 4. Describe Bio-fertilizer production

| Unit No. | Title of Unit & Contents | Hrs. |
|-------------|--|------|
| I | Organic farming and importance of bio fertilizers | 4 |
| | 1. Organic Farming for sustainable development | |
| | 2. Importance of Bio-fertilizer | |
| | 3. Types of Bio-fertilizers | |
| | Unit Outcomes: Student will be able to | |
| | UO.1 Explain importance of organic farming | |
| | UO.2 Explain importance of bio fertilizers | |
| II | Plant Growth Promoting Rhizobacteria | 5 |
| | 1. Rhizosphere. | |
| | 2. Direct plant growth promotion | |
| | 3. Microbial plant growth promoting substances: Indole- | |
| | acetic acid, gibberellic acid. | |
| | Unit Outcome: Students will be able to | |
| | UO 2. Describe the role of microorganisms in plant growth | |
| | promotion. | |
| III | Study of Nitrogen Fixing Bacteria: Rhizobium and Azotobacter | 6 |

| | Free living nitrogen fixing bacteria | |
|----|---|----|
| | 2. Study of Azotobacter species | |
| | 3. Study of Rhizobium species | |
| | Unit Outcome: Students will be able to | |
| | UO.1 Describe the importance of Azotobacter and Rhizobium | |
| | species for improving soil fertility | |
| IV | Laboratory Production of the Biofertilizer | 30 |
| | 1. Isolation and characterization of <i>Rhizobium</i> | |
| | 2. Isolation and characterization of Azotobacter | |
| | 3. Isolation and characterization of Indole-acetic acid | |
| | producing Bacteria | |
| | 4. Isolation of PSB and characterization | |
| | 5. Mass production of bio-fertilizers | |
| | Unit Outcome: Students will be able to | |
| | UO.1 Design experiment for the production of Bio-fertilizer | |

- 15. A textbook of Microbiology, Dubey R. C. and D. K. Maheshwary. (2012), S Chand and Company. New Delhi, India.
- 16. Introduction to soil Microbiology, Alexander Martin, John Wiley and Sons.N.Y.
- 17. Microbial biotechnology: fundamentals of applied microbiology. Alexander Glazer, Hiroshi Nikaido. Cambridge university press
- 18. Kannaiyan, S. (2003). Biotechnology of Bio fertilizers, CHIPS, Texas.
- 19. Mahendra K. Rai (2005). Hand book of Microbial bio fertilizers, The Haworth Press, Inc.New York.

Reddy, S.M. (2002). Bio inoculants for sustainable agriculture and forestry, Scientific Publishers.





(Autonomous) Department of Microbiology

Course Type: SEC-IV

Course Title: Single cell protein production technology

Course Code: 201MIB4601

Credits: 02 Max. Marks: 50 Lectures: 30 Hrs.

Learning Objectives:

LO 1. To study importance of Single cell protein for Human health.

LO 2. To study application Yeast as protein source

LO 3. Understand technology of SCP production

LO 4. To study other metabolites produced by yeast.

Course Outcomes:

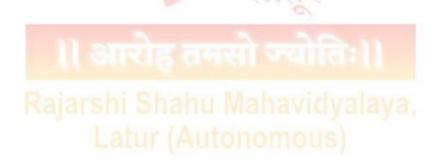
After completion of the course, students will be able to-

- CO 1. Describe importance SCP
- CO 2. Demonstrate SCP production method
- CO 3. Demonstrate analysis of SCP product
- CO4. Gain practical insights for enterpreunership

| Unit No. | Title of Unit & Contents | Hrs. |
|----------|--|------|
| I | Introduction : Single cell protein | 5 |
| | Single cell protein: Introduction Source of SCP Saccharomyces cerevisiae: importance, cell morphology and chemical composition. Spirullina: importance, cell morphology and chemical composition. Unit Outcomes: Students able to explain importance of SCP | |
| II | Technology for production of SCP | 2 |
| | Primary screening of Yeast Secondary screening of yeast and cultivation Unit Outcomes: U0 1. Students able to explain role of Saccharomyces cerevisiae as SCP | |
| III | Production of SCP | 4 |
| | Search for raw material for production of SCP | |

| | 2. Fermentative production | |
|-----|--|----|
| | The state of the s | |
| 4 | 0 | 5 |
| | Unit Outcome: | |
| | UO 1. Students able to demonstrate production of SCP | |
| IV` | Spirulina as a source of SCP | 4 |
| | Spirulina: occurrence and study of morphological | |
| | characteristics | |
| | 2. Laboratory Cultivation | |
| | Unit Outcomes: | |
| | UO 1. Students able to explain Spirulina as a source of SCP. | |
| | | |
| V | Practicals (Included in above 04 units) | 30 |
| | 1. Primary screening of Saccharomyces cerevisiae strains from food | |
| | 2. Secondary screening of Saccharomyces cerevisiae | |
| | 3. Primary screening of Spirulina strains. | |
| | 4. Cultivation of <i>Saccharomyces cerevisiae</i> | |
| | 5. Cultivation of Spirulina strains. | |
| | 6. Chemical analysis of SCP- Protein, Nucleic acid and carbohydrate. | |

- 1.Industrial Microbiology. Patel, A.H. (2008). MaCmillan Publication, New Dehli.
- 2. Principal of Fermentation Technology.Stanbuzy,Peter & Whitaker, A. (2008). ButterworthHeinemann.
- 3. Industrial Microbiology. Casida L.E. (2005). New age International Publishers
- 4. Fermentation Technology. Srivastava, M.L.
- 5. Singh, B.D. (2008). Biotechnology. New age International.





(Autonomous) Department of Microbiology

Course Type: DSM-I

Course Title: Elementary Microbiology

Course Code: --

Credits: 03 Max. Marks: 75 Lectures: 45 Hrs.

Learning Objectives:

LO 1. To understand the basics of microbiology.

LO 2. Microbiology is the study of the biology of organisms that cannot be seen with naked eyes e.g. viruses, bacteria.

- LO 3. The methods used to study and manipulate these minute and mostly unicellular organisms differ from those used in most other biological investigations.
- LO 4. As the foundation of the biosphere and major determinants of human health, microbes claim a primary, fundamental role in life on earth.
- LO 5. Hence, the study of microbes is pivotal to the study of all living things, and microbiology is essential for the study and understanding of all life.

Course Outcomes:

After completion of the course, students will be able to-

- CO 1. To understand the microbial physiology and to identify the microorganisms.
- CO 2.Understand the regulation of biochemical pathway and possible process modifications for improved control over microorganisms for microbial product synthesis.
- CO 2. Students will gain and demonstrate competency in laboratory safety and routine in specialized microbiological laboratory skills applicable to microbiological research or clinical methods, including accurately reporting observations and analysis.

| Unit No. | Title of Unit & Contents | Hrs. | | | | | | | |
|-------------|---|------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| I | Scope of Microbiology | 9 | | | | | | | |
| | Definition and concept. | | | | | | | | |
| | 2. Milestone discoveries in Microbiology: Antony van | | | | | | | | |
| | Leeuwenhoek Robert Koch ,Louis Pasteur, Elie Matchnikoff, | | | | | | | | |
| | Edward Jenner, Alexander Flemming Winogradsky and Bejrinck | | | | | | | | |
| | Distribution of Microorganisms in nature. | | | | | | | | |
| | Scope in applied and advanced fields of microbiology. | | | | | | | | |
| | Role of Micro-organisms in- | | | | | | | | |
| | i. Agriculture | | | | | | | | |
| | ii. Human health | | | | | | | | |
| | iii. Food | | | | | | | | |
| | iv. Industries | | | | | | | | |

| II | Types of microorganisms and their characteristics | 12 |
|------|---|-----|
| A | Types of microorganisms and their characteristics | |
| | 2. The eukaryotic cell & Prokaryotic cell structure. | |
| | 3. Ultra structure of bacterial cell: Structure, Chemical | |
| | composition and function of following:- | |
| | a) Capsule and slimes | |
| | b) Cell wall and Cytoplasmic membranes | |
| | c) Flagella and Motility, fimbriae and pili | |
| | d) Nuclear material, Plasmids, Mesosomes, Ribosome | |
| | e) Dormant forms of prokaryote: Endospore and cyst | |
| | | |
| 0925 | | 300 |
| II | Visualization of microorganisms | 12 |
| | 1. Principles of Microscopy | |
| | a) Absorption, reflection and refraction of light rays | |
| | b) Definition: Magnification, Resolving power, Angular aperture, Numerical aperture | |
| | c) Objectives (Low, High, Oil immersion) and Oculars | |
| | Function | |
| | d) Condensers: Abbes, variable focus and achromatic | |
| | 2. Principle and applications of Compound, Dark field. | |
| | 3. Defination: Stain, Dye, Mordent, Chromogen, Leuco compound | |
| | Flurochrome, Decolorizing agent and Counter stain. | |
| | 4. Types of stains: Auxochrome, chromophore, Acidic stain, Basic | |
| | stain, Neutral stain ,Chromogen | |
| | 5. Staining methods: | |
| | a) Simple staining: Monochrome & Negative staining | |
| | b) Differential staining: Gram's staining | |
| | | |
| | । शिक्षण संस्था | |
| V | Biomolecules | 12 |
| | 1.Carbohydrates: Definition, classification & properties | |
| | a. Triose, Pentose, Hexose (Examples and Structure) | |
| | b. Disaccharides:- Glycoside linkage (Lactose, Maltose and | |
| | Sucrose) | |
| | c. Oligosaccharides:- Trisaccharides (Structure of Raffinose) | |
| | d. Polysaccharides:- Homo and Heteropolysaccharides | |
| | Structure (Starch & Cellulose) | |
| | 2.Lipids: Definition, classification & properties | |
| | 3. Proteins: Definition, structure& properties | |

- b) Biological significance of proteins
- 4. Nucleic Acids: Definition, structure & properties
 - a) Nucleosides and Nucleotides.
 - b)DNA: Properties, structure and functions
 - c)RNA: Properties, structure and functions

- 1) Biswas S.B Biswas ,Introduction to viruses: Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
- 2) Dubey H.C.: A textbook of fungi and Viruses, Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd. Delhi.
- 3) Frobisher, Hinsdill, Crabtee, Goodheart: Fundamentals of microbiology: W.B. Saundrs Company,
- 4) Modi H.A.: Elementary Microbiology (Fundamentals of Microbiology) Vol. II Ekta Prakashan, Nadiad, Gujrat.
- 5) Pelczar Michael J., Jr./E.C.S Chan, Elements of Microbiology: McGraw, Hill International Book Company, New Delhi.
- 6) Pelczar Michael J., Jr. E.C.S Chan, Noel R. Krieg: Microbiology: Concepts and applicationsMcGraw Hill Inc.
- 7) Powar C. B. and Daginawala H.I.: General microbiology Vol I and II Himalaya publishing house, Bombay.
- 8) Prescott L.M. Harley J.P.. and Klein Donald A.: Microbiology, W.M.C.. Brown publishers
- 9) Stanier Roger Y., Adelberg Edward A., Ingraham Johan L., General microbiology, Prentice- Hall, Englewood Cliffs, New Jersey, Publishing Co. Ltd., New Delhi..
- 10) Dubey, Maheshwari: Practical Microbiology.





(Autonomous) Department of Microbiology

Course Type: Lab Course

Course Title: Lab Course -_ (Based on DSM-I)

Course Code: --

Credits: 01 Max. Marks: 50 Hours: 30

Leaning Objectives

L O 1. To learn good laboratory practices and bio safety measures.

L O 2. To understand principles involved in working of light microscope and laboratory instruments.

L O 3. To stain and observe structural features of bacterial cells.

L O 4. To study preparation and sterilization of simple media.

Course outcomes

After completion of the course, students will be able to-

- CO 1. Appropriately prepare slides for microscopic observations.
- CO 2. Handle light microscope and observe microorganisms.
- CO 3. Perform staining of cell structures and record observations
- CO 4. Prepare and sterilize culture media

| Practical No. | Unit |
|---------------|--|
| 1 | Staining and observation of Cell wall and Capsule. |
| 2 | Staining of Endospores by Dorner's method |
| 3 | Microscopy- Different parts of compound microscope. |
| 4 | Use, care & Handling of compound microscope. |
| 5 | Simple staining: Monochrome and Negative staining. |
| 6 | Differential: Gram's staining |
| 7 | Qualitative analysis of Carbohydrates by Sumner's method |
| 8 | Qualitative analysis of Protein by Biuret test |
| 9 | Qualitative analysis of DNA by Diphenyl amine test |
| 10 | Qualitative analysis of RNA by Orcinol test |

N.B.: Any Ten Practical from above.

(Autonomous)

Department of Microbiology

Course Type: DSM-II

Course Title: Basic Techniques in microbiology

Course Code: --

Credits: 03 Max. Marks: 75 Lectures: 45 Hrs.

Learning Objectives

LO 1.Understand principle and working of light microscope. Gain knowledge about microbial staining technique

LO 2. Understand cultivation and management of bacterial growth. Learn control of microbial growth.

Course Outcomes:

Students will be able to understand

CO 1. Methods of visualizing microorganisms

CO 2. Environmental factors effect on growth of microorganisms,

CO 3. Isolation of microorganisms from different sources and their maintenance

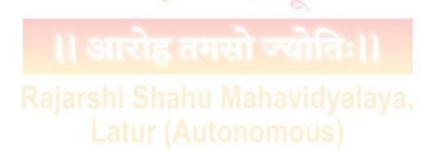
| nit No. | Title of Unit & Contents | | | | | | | |
|---------|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| I | Microbial Nutrition and growth | | | | | | | |
| | 1.1 Major and minor bio-elements and growth factors | | | | | | | |
| | 1.2 Nutritional categories of microorganisms on the basis of | | | | | | | |
| | carbon and energy source 1.3 Microbial Growth – Binary fission, Budding, fragmentation and formation of conidiophores | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | 1.4 Growth , phases of growth and diauxic growth | | | | | | | |
| | 1.5 Measurement of growth: cell number, cell mass and cell activity | | | | | | | |
| | 1.6 Different types of bacterial cultures –Batch culture, continuous culture, synchronous culture | | | | | | | |
| II | Effect of environmental factors on microbial growth | 9 | | | | | | |
| | 2.1 Temperature | | | | | | | |
| | 2.2 pH (Acidic environment) | | | | | | | |
| | 2.3 Osmotic pressure (Saline environment) | | | | | | | |
| | 2.4 Oxygen | | | | | | | |
| | 2.5 Hydrostatic pressure | | | | | | | |
| | 2.6 Heavy metals | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |

| III | Microbial control methods | 12 | | | | | |
|-----|--|----|--|--|--|--|--|
| 111 | | 12 | | | | | |
| | 3.1 1 Definition of Sterilization, | | | | | | |
| | 3.2 Sterilization by Physical Agent | | | | | | |
| | a) Heat: Moist Heat: Steam under pressure (Autoclaving), Boiling, Pasteurization | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | b) Dry heat: Incineration, Hot air Oven. | | | | | | |
| | c) Radiation: - Ionizing and Non-ionizing radiations. | | | | | | |
| | d) Filtration:- Types of Bacteriological filters | | | | | | |
| | 3.3 Definition of Disinfection, Antiseptic, Germicide, Sanitizer, | | | | | | |
| | Fungicide, Vermicide, Bacteriostatic and Bactericidal agent. | | | | | | |
| | 3.4 Chemical Disinfectants: Phenol and Phenolic | | | | | | |
| | compounds, Alcohols. | | | | | | |
| | 3.5 Gaseous sterilizing Agents: Formaldehyde and | | | | | | |
| | Propiolactone. | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| TX7 | Down and town worth a la | 10 | | | | | |
| IV | Pure culture methods | 12 | | | | | |
| | 4.1. Definition, Concept, Use and Types of different culture media – | | | | | | |
| | Living and Nonliving media, Synthetic, Non-synthetic, Natural, | | | | | | |
| | Selective, Differential, Enriched, Enrichment, Assay, Minimal, Maintenance and Transport Medium. Buffers in | | | | | | |
| | culture medium. | | | | | | |
| | 4.2 General ingredients of culture media and their role | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | 4.3 Definitions -, pure culture, mixed culture, consortium, axenic culture, contamination. | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | 4.4 Isolation of microorganisms: Principle and method of isolation-streak plate, pour plate, spread plate, single cell | | | | | | |
| | isolation. | | | | | | |
| | isolation. | | | | | | |
| | ELED. | | | | | | |

शारोह तमसो ज्योतिः।। Rajarshi Shahu Mahavidyalaya, Latur (Autonomous)

Reference Books

- 1) Biswas S.B Biswas ,Introduction to viruses: Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
- 2) Dubey H.C.:A textbook of fungi and Viruses, Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd. Delhi.
- 3) Frobisher, Hinsdill, Crabtee, Goodheart: Fundamentals of microbiology: W.B. Saundrs Company,
- 4) Modi H.A.: Elementary Microbiology (Fundamentals of Microbiology) Vol. II Ekta Prakashan, Nadiad, Gujrat.
- 5) Pelczar Michael J., Jr./E.C.S Chan, Elements of Microbiology: McGraw, Hill International Book Company, New Delhi.
- 6) Pelczar Michael J., Jr. E.C.S Chan, Noel R. Krieg: Microbiology: Concepts and applicationsMcGraw Hill Inc.
- 7) Powar C. B. and Daginawala H.I.: General microbiology Vol I and II Himalaya publishing house, Bombay.
- 8) Prescott L.M. Harley J.P.. and Klein Donald A.: Microbiology , W.M.C.. Brown publishers
- 9) Stanier Roger Y., Adelberg Edward A., Ingraham Johan L., General microbiology, Prentice- Hall, Englewood Cliffs, New Jersey, Publishing Co. Ltd., New Delhi..
- 10) Dubey, Maheshwari: Practical Microbiology.





(Autonomous) Department of Microbiology

Course Type: Lab Course

Course Title: Lab Course -_ (Based on DSM-II)

Course Code: --

Credits: 01 Max. Marks: 50 Hours: 30

Leaning Objectives

L O 1. To learn good laboratory practices and bio safety measures.

L O 2. To understand principles involved in working of light microscope and laboratory instruments.

LO 3. To stain and observe structural features of bacterial cells.

L O 4. To study preparation and sterilization of simple media.

Course outcomes

After completion of the course, students will be able to-

- CO 1. Appropriately prepare slides for microscopic observations.
- CO 2. Handle light microscope and observe microorganisms.
- CO 3. Perform staining of cell structures and record observations
- CO 4. Prepare and sterilize culture media

| Practical No. | Unit |
|---------------|--|
| 1 | Study of bacterial growth curve (Demonstration) |
| 2 | Effect of physical agents on growth of bacteria: pH, Temperature U.V. rays(Demonstration) |
| 3 | Effect of chemical agents on bacterial growth: Antibiotic and Phenolic compounds |
| 4 | Effect of Heavy metal ions (Oligodynamic Action) |
| 5 | Study of laboratory equipment's used for Sterilization: Autoclave, Hot air oven, Bacterial filters. |
| 6 | Preparation and sterilization of Nutrient broth , Nutrient Agar |
| 7 | Preparation and sterilization of MacConkey's Broth, MacConkey's Agar and Sugar fermentation media |
| 8 | To study Streak plate method methods for Isolation of bacteria |
| 9 | To study spread plate method for Isolation of bacteria |
| 10 | To study Pour plate method for enumeration of microorganisms from soil sample |



(Autonomous)

UG First Year

Extra Credit Activities

| Sr. No. | Course Title | Credits | Hours T/P | | |
|------------|-------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------|--|--|
| 1 | MOOCs | Min. of 02 credits | Min. of 30 Hrs. | | |
| 2 | Certificate Courses | Min. of 02 credits | Min. of 30 Hrs. | | |
| 3 | IIT Spoken English Courses | Min. of 02 credits | Min. of 30 Hrs. | | |

Guidelines:

Extra -academic activities

- 1. All extra credits claimed under this heading will require sufficient academic input/contribution from the students concerned.
- 2. Maximum 04 extra credits in each academic year will be allotted.
- 3. These extra academic activity credits will not be considered for calculation of SGPA/CGPA but will be indicated on the grade card.

Additional Credits for Online Courses:

- 1. Courses only from SWAYAM and NPTEL platform are eligible for claiming credits.
- 2. Students should get the consent from the concerned subject Teacher/Mentor/Vice Principal and Principal prior to starting of the course.
- 3. Students who complete such online courses for additional credits will be examined/verified by the concerned mentor/internal faculty member before awarding credits.
- 4. Credit allotted to the course by SWAYAM and NPTEL platform will be considered as it is.

Additional Credits for Other Academic Activities:

- 1. One credit for presentation and publication of paper in International/National/State level seminars/workshops.
- 2. One credit for measurable research work undertaken and field trips amounting to 30 hours of recorded work.
- 3. One credit for creating models in sponsored exhibitions/other exhibits, which are approved by the concerned department.
- 4. One credit for any voluntary social service/Nation building exercise which is in collaboration with the outreach center, equivalent to 30 hours
- 5. All these credits must be approved by the College Committee.

Additional Credits for Certificate Courses:

- 1. Students can get additional credits (number of credits will depend on the course duration) from certificate courses offered by the college.
- 2. The student must successfully complete the course. These credits must be approved by the Course Coordinators.
- Students who undertake summer projects/ internships/ training in institutions
 of repute through a national selection process, will get 2 credits for each such
 activity. This must be done under the supervision of the concerned
 faculty/mentor.

Note:

- 1. The respective documents should be submitted within 10 days after completion of Semester End Examination.
- 2. No credits can be granted for organizing or for serving as office bearers/volunteers for Inter-Class / Associations / Sports / Social Service activities.
- 3. The office bearers and volunteers may be given a letter of appreciation by the respective staff coordinators. Besides, no credits can be claimed for any services/activities conducted or attended within the college.
- 4. All claims for the credits by the students should be made and approved by the mentor in the same academic year of completing the activity.
- 5. Any grievances of denial/rejection of credits should be addressed to Additional Credits Coordinator in the same academic year.
- 6. Students having a shortage of additional credits at the end of the third year can meet the Additional Credits Coordinator, who will provide the right advice on the activities that can help them earn credits required for graduation.





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Examination Framework

Theory:

40% Continuous Assessment Tests (CATs) and 60% Semester End Examination (SEE)

Practical:

50% Continuous Assessment Tests (CATs) and 50% Semester End Examination (SEE)

| Course | Marks | CAT & Mid Term Theory | | | | CAT Practical | | Best Scored CAT & Mid Term | SEE | Total |
|-------------------------------|-------|--------------------------|-------|-------------|-----------|------------------|-----|--|-----|-------|
| | | 3 | | | | 4 | | | | |
| 1 | 2 | Att. | CAT I | Mid Term | CAT II | Att. | CAT | 5 | 6 | 5+6 |
| DSC/DSE/ GE/OE/Minor | 100 | 10 | 10 | 20 | 10 | - | _ | 40 | 60 | 100 |
| DSC | 75 | 05 | 10 | 15 | 10 | - | | 30 | 45 | 75 |
| Lab Course/AIPC/ OJT/FP | 50 | - | - | - | - | 05 | 20 | - | 25 | 50 |
| VSC/SEC/ AEC/VEC/CC | 50 | 05 | 05 | 10 | 05 | - | - | 20 | 30 | 50 |

Note:

- 1. All Internal Exams are compulsory
- 2. Out of 02 CATs best score will be considered
- 3. Mid Term Exam will be conducted by the Exam Section
- 4. Mid Term Exam is of Objective nature (MCQ)
- 5. Semester End Exam is of descriptive in nature (Long & Short Answer)
- 6. CAT Practical (20 Marks): Lab Journal (Record Book) 10 Marks, Overall Performance 10 Marks.

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